RESILIENT STRATEGIES TO COMBAT HYDROGEOLOGICAL INSTABILITY (2^ EDITION)".

Bari , January 24th of 2020

UNIVERSITY OF MONTENEGRO Faculty of Civil Engeneering







GEOTECHNICAL RESOURCE AND RESEARCH - CHARACTERISTICS OF LANDSLIDE AND TYPICAL REHABILITATION SOLUTION IN MONTENEGRO

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University of Montenegro, Faculty of Civil Engeneering,
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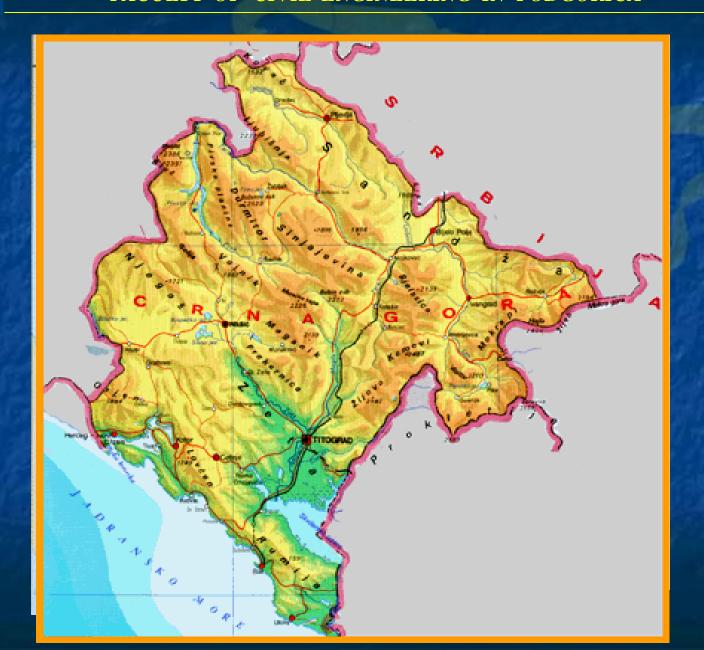
CONTENT

- 1 Montenegro
- 2 University of Montenegro
- 3 Faculty of Civil Engineering
- 4 Lanslide in Montengero Characteristics of Landslide and Typical Rehabilitation Solution in Montenegro













1 – MONTENEGRO

- Montenegro has an area of 13,812 square kilometers and a population of 620,079 (2011 census).
- Montenegro is small part of the Balkans, yet it is the most biologically diverse country in the Europe.
- Montenegro is a member of a large number of world organizations such as the UN, etc.
- We have no currency of its own. We use EURO as official currency, even though our country is not even a member of EU (from 2002).





2 – UNIVERSITY OF MONTENEGRO

The our law recognises



Applied degree programs

According to the new education reform of 2017, a system of the three-cycle system of studies is in use, system 3+2+3.

- Undergraduate programs- Basic studies of 180 credits, 3 years
- Postgraduate programs Master studies of 120 credits, 2 years
- PhD Degree Programs Doctoral studies of 180 credits, 3 years





2 – UNIVERSITY OF MONTENEGRO

□ UoM was founded in 1974, under name the University of **Titograd** □ 1975 – 1992, UoM used name the University "Veljko Vlahović" ■ 1992, changed name into the University of Montenegro □ *UoM* is **the oldest higher** education institution in Montenegro □ UoM has over 20.000 students all levels of study, total number of teachers is 700, and student-teaching ratio is more than 28

According to the new education reform of 2017, a system of the three-cycle system of studies is in use, system 3+2+3.





2 – UNIVERSITY OF MONTENEGRO

First international agreement on cooperation was concluded in 1975 with the University in Florida.

Today, the University has 135 signed agreements with universities from 35 countries,

In the period from 2014 to 2017, UoM have taken part in:

- □ 250 projects, out of which 5 FP7 projects,
- □ 52 COST actions,
- □ 10 actions connected with encouraging participation in the programmes Horizon 2020 and COST actions,
- □ 3 HORIZON 2020 projects,
- ☐ 11 IPA projects,
- 8 ERASMUS+ and TEMPUS projects,
- ☐ 13 HERIC projects,
- ☐ 1 HERD project,
- as well as nearly 120 bilateral research projects.





2 – UNIVERSITY OF MONTENEGRO

UoM is state university comprised of 19 faculties and 2 institutes of science. Members of UoM are:



- 1. Historical Institute
- 2. Institute of marine Biology

- 1. Biotechnical Faculty
- 2. Faculty for Sport and Physical Education
- 3. Faculty of Architecture
- 4. Faculty of Civil Engineering
- 5. Faculty of Dramatic Arts
- 6. Faculty of Economics
- 7. Faculty of Electrical Engineering
- 8. Faculty of Fine Arts
- 9. Faculty of Law
- 10. Faculty of Mechanical Engineering
- 11. Faculty of Medicine
- 12. Faculty of Metallurgy and Technology
- 13. Faculty of Philology
- 14. Faculty of Philosophy
- 15. Faculty of Political Science
- 16. Faculty of Science and Mathematics
- 17. Faculty of Tourism and Hospitality
- 18. Maritime Faculty
- 19. Music Academy





3 – FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

History of the Faculty	
☐ Faculty of Civil Engineering was founded in 1980	
□ Its seat is in Podgorica	
☐ The reasons of founding are the real needs of Montenegro jeducation of high-degree engineering staff, especially intensify by the destructive earthquake which hit Montenegro in 1979, will be topic of next speakers	iea
□ Organization of the teaching courses is performed in	

- accordance with the principles of Bologna declaration
 - □ In 2020/2021 we will be enroll the first postgraduate generation of 2 years studies, system 3+2+3





3 – FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

- \Box Teaching courses and research at the Faculty is realized by the staff including:
 - ✓ 9 full professors
 - √7 associate professors
 - √6 assistant professors
 - ✓ 5 assistants with doctoral degree
 - ✓ 11 theaching assistants

We angage additional teaching staff consists of:

- Visiting professors from abroad
- Visiting professors from another UoM units
- ☐ Nowadays, we have more than 700 active students





3 – FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

GEOTEHNICS



Dr Zvonko Tomnović CE full prof.



Dr Branislav Glavatovic Geofis. asociate prof.



Dr Milan Radulovic Hidrogeol. asociate prof.



Dr Slobodan Zivaljevic CE assistant prof.



Borko Miladinovic Msc CE teaching an reasrch assistant



Miodrag Bujisic Msc CE teaching an reasrch asssitant

3 – FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

NATO OTAN

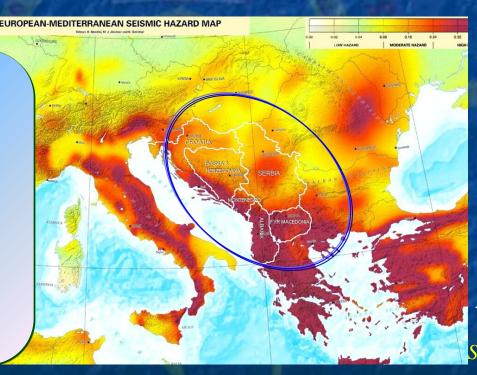
Emerging Security
Challenges Division

NATO SfP Project no. 983054

"HARMONIZATION OF SEISMIC HAZARD MAPS FOR THE WESTERN BALKAN COUNTRIES" (BSHAP) 2007 – 2011

Participating countries:

- Albania
- Bosnia and Herzegovina
- Croatia
- FYR Macedonia
- Montenegro
- Serbia
- Turkey with NPD
- Slovenia with expertise



Project was coordinated by:

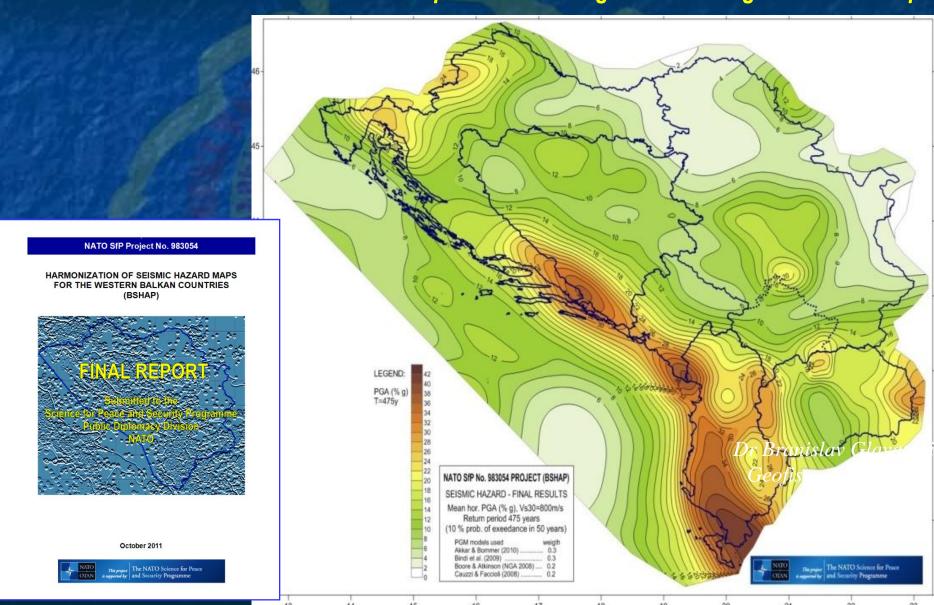


Dr Branislav Glavatovic Geofis. asociate prof. Seismological observatorz of Montenegro

Montenegro was the Project leading country

3 – FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Coordination and cooperation - through WG meetings and workshops



3 – FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

SEISMIC HAZARD MAP

NACIONAL ANEX FOR EC8

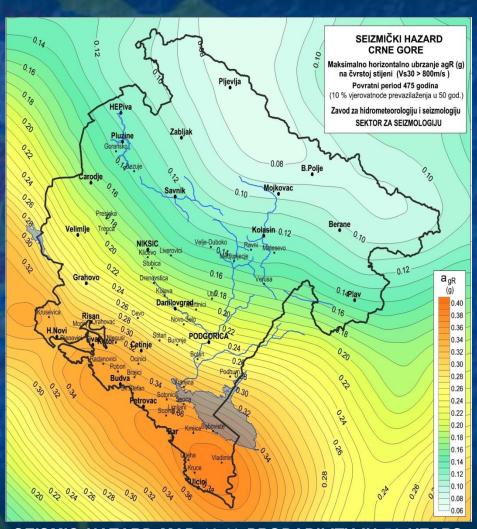
SEISMIC HAZARD MAP CALCULATION WAS REALIZED, BASED ON PROBABILISTIC METHOD AND SPATIALLY SMOOTHED SEISMICITY APROACH.

SEVERAL RETURN PERIODS WERE USED: 95, 475 AND 2475 YEARS

SEISMIC HAZARD WAS EXPRESED AS MAXIMUM PGA VALUES ON THE HARD ROCK (Vs>800 m/s)



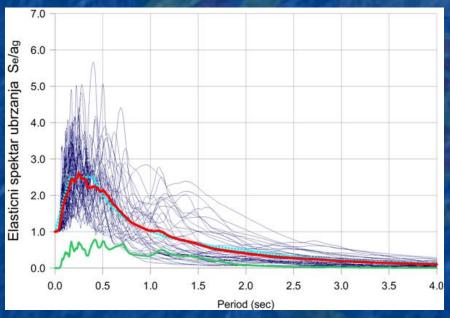
Dr Branislav Glavatovic Geofis. asociate prof.



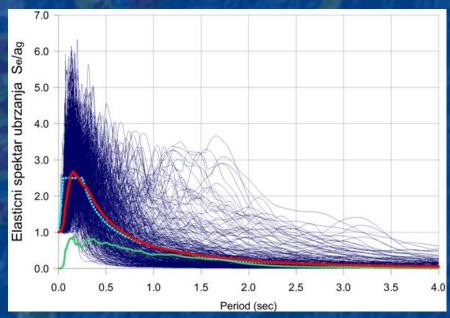
SEISMIC HAZARD MAP 10 % PROBABILITY IN 50 YEARS (475 YEARS RETURN PERIOD) AS A PART OF NATIONAL ANNEX FOR EUROCODE 1998-1 IN MONTENEGRO

3 – FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING HORISONTAL ELASTIC RESPONSE SPECTRA

• Response spectra calculation was performed for the complete strong motion data base in Montenegro, for both type of spectra (earthquake type 1 and 2), as well as for horizontal and vertical type of accelerograms



Example: Normalized response spectra for type 1 of earthquakes (Ms>5.5).



Example: Normalized response spectra for type 1 of earthquakes (Ms>5.5).

Because of the high similarity of all calculated results with the EN98-1 recomended values, those recomended values were adopted in the National Annex for EUROCODE 1998-1 in Montenegro

4 – LANDSLIDE IN MONTENGERO



Z. Tomanović, S Živaljevic UNIVERSITY OF MONTENGERO Faculty Civil Engineering



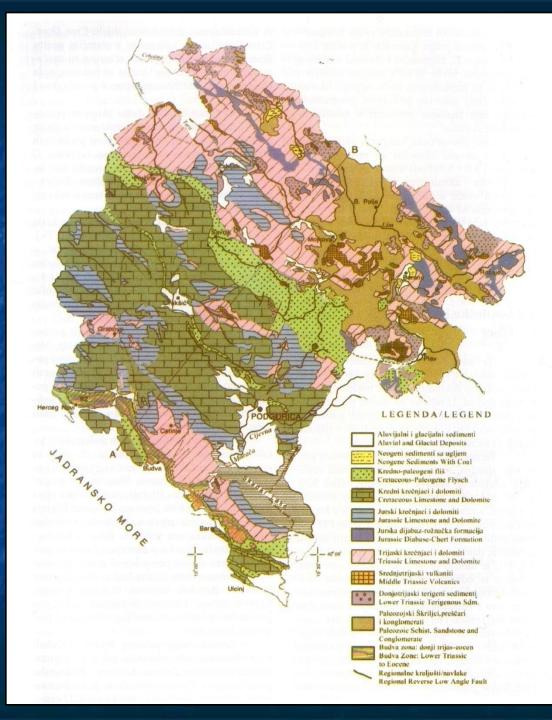
MITIGATION SOLUTION FOR "MARKOVICI" LANDSLIDE ON THE MAIN ROAD PODGORICA-BUDVA

Bari, 24 January 2020



Topics

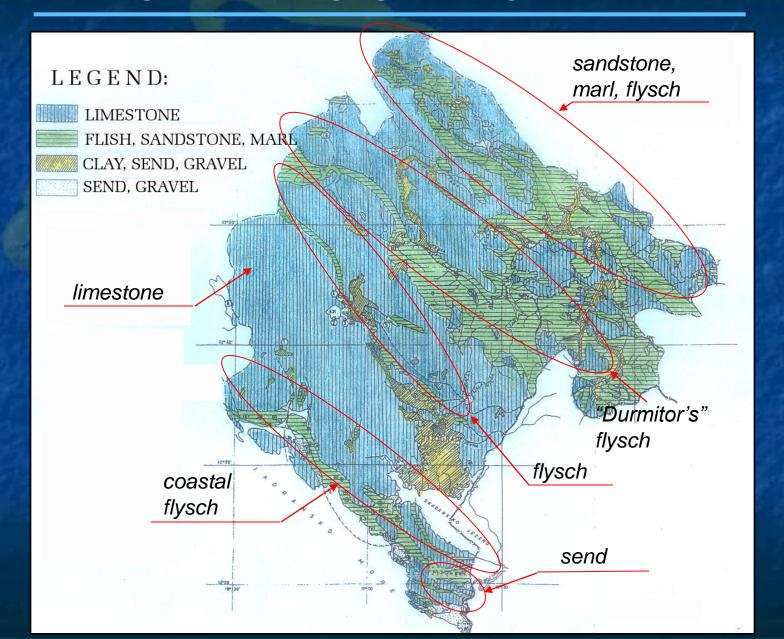
- Geological map of Montenegro
- Engineering geological map
- Map of landslide on costal zone
- Landslide "Makovići" on road Budva –
 Cetinje
- Trigger for linslide
- Rehabilitation solutin landslide
- Conclusion

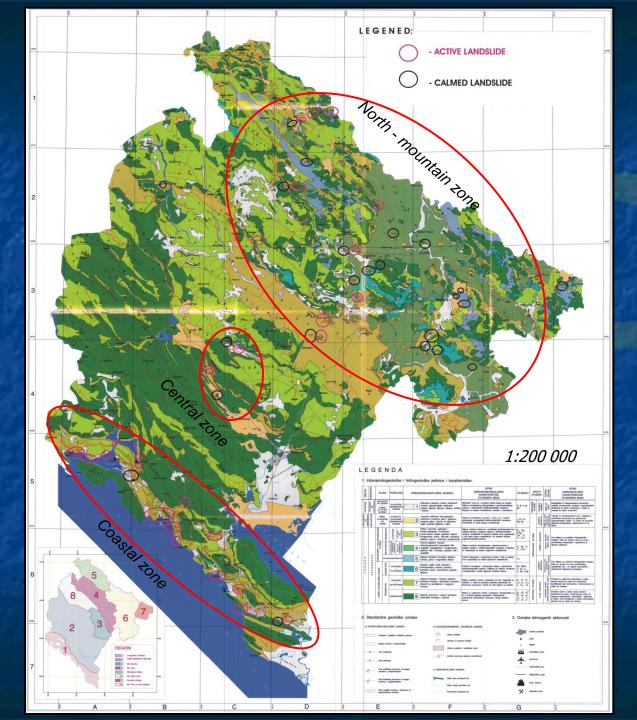


Geological map

Geological Map
of
Montenegro
is very
complex due
to strong
tectonic
activity in this
area

Engineering geological map

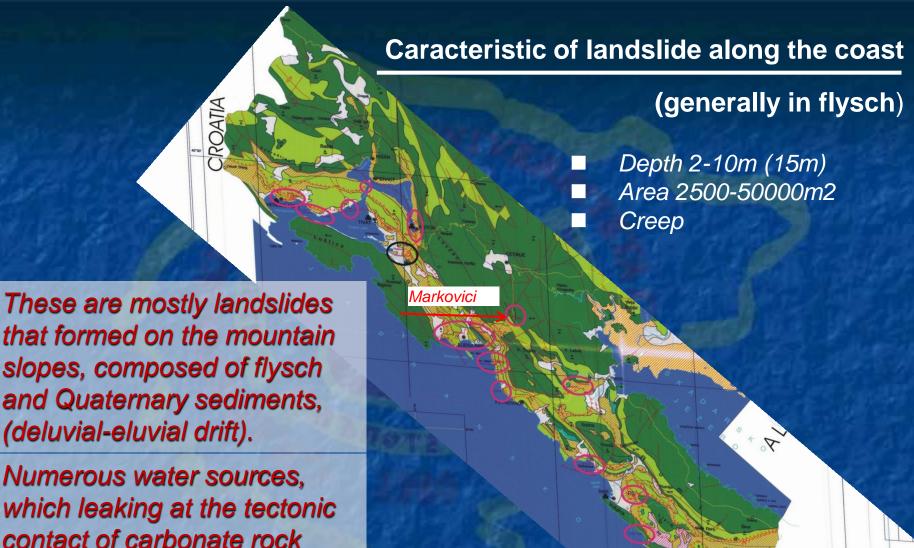




Map of

landslide

- This map was created in 2002 in the Institute of Geological Survey of Montenegro
- There are three zones of the landslides:
- Coastal zone
- Central zone
- North mountain zone



Numerous water sources, which leaking at the tectonic contact of carbonate rock masses and the impermeable flysch formations contribute to the activation of the landslides.

LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI"

Trigger for linslide

CETINJE RAINFALL (2015)

- 5. March 115 l/m²
- 6. March 110 l/m²
- 7. March 181 l/m²

Average rainfall in Cetinje for March is 360l/m², during 5, 6 and 7th March average was in treee days 135 l/m²

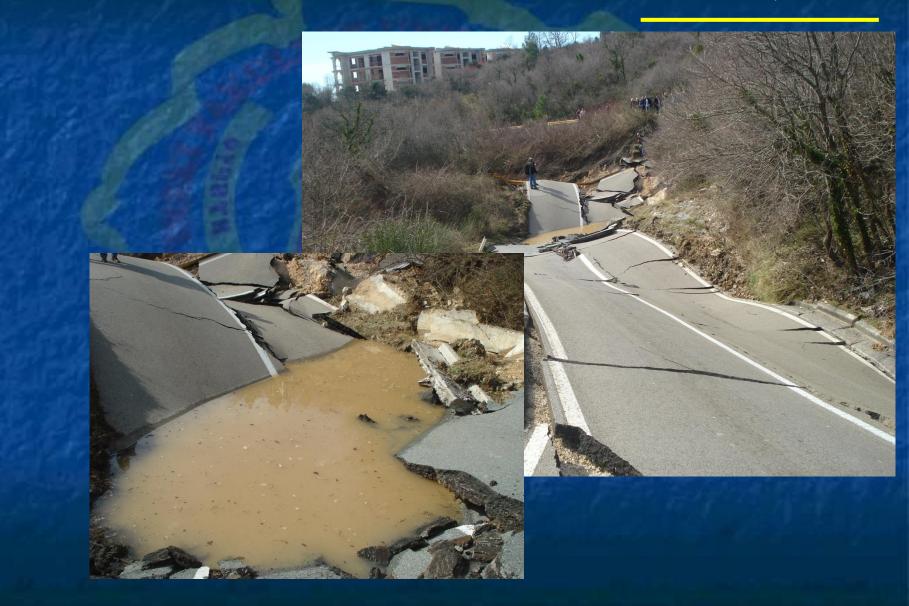
- March 6, at evening the first cracks were observed on the roadway road
- March 7, at 7 am the way has already been closed to traffic
- March 8, road was already seriously damage
- March 9, sliding displacement was in maximum
- > After March 10 began settling landslides



LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI" March 8, 2015

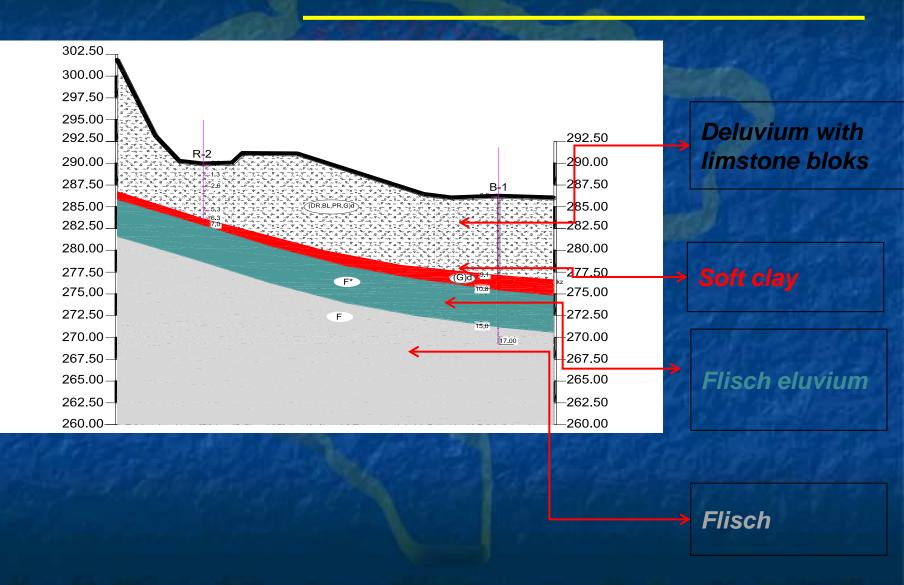


LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI" March 9, 2015



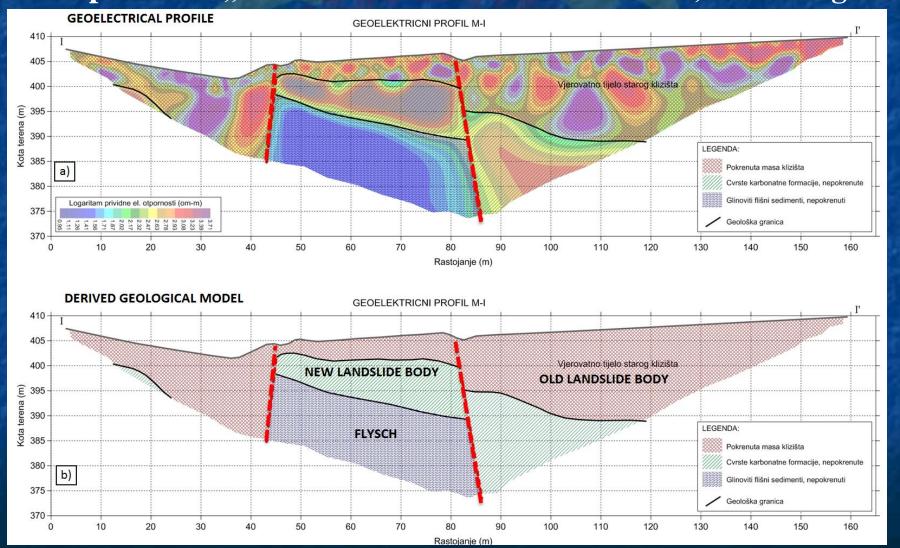


LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI" GEOLOGICAL CROSS SECTION

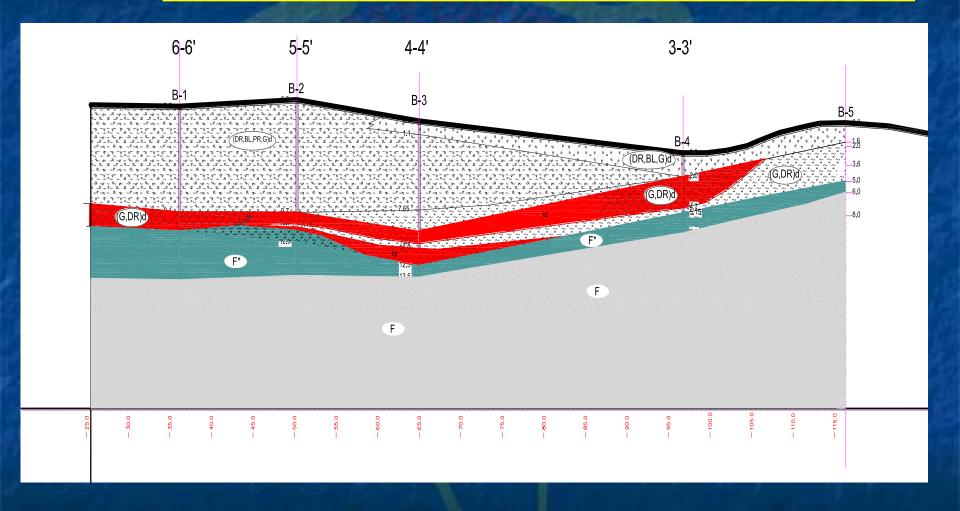


2D Geoelectrical tomography (geoelectrical imaging) was successfully applied as a powerful tool in geotechnical research of many landslides sites in Montenegro

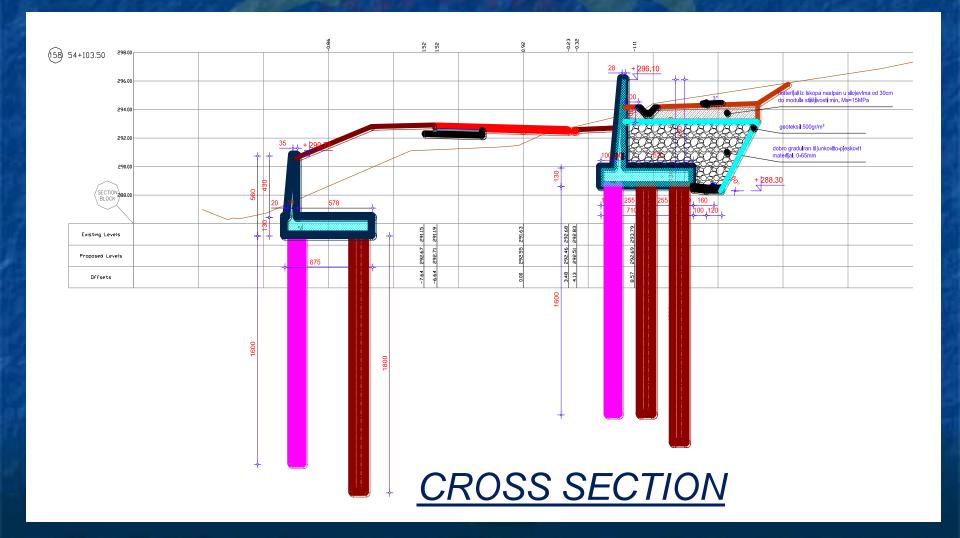
Example of the "Markovici" landslide near Budva, Montenegro



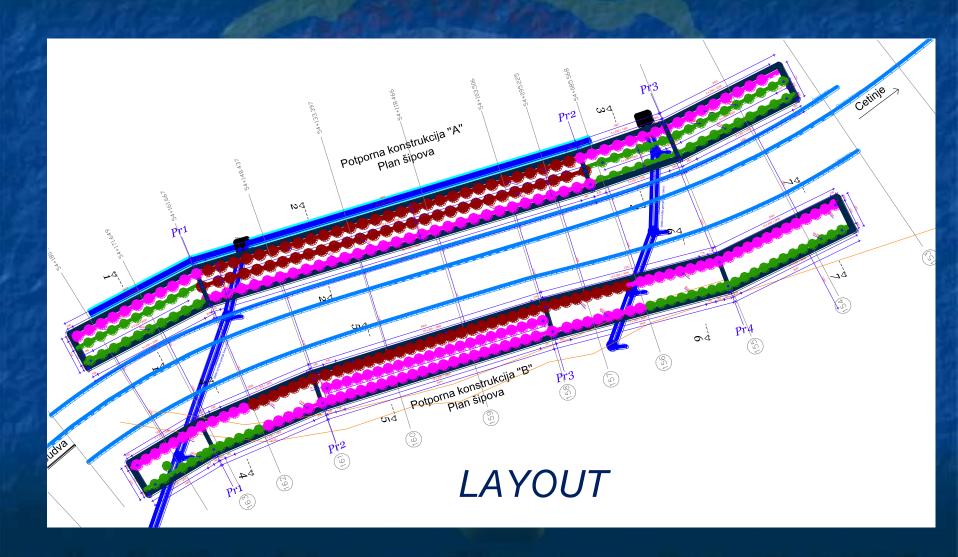
LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI" GEOLOGICAL LONGITUDINAL PROFILE



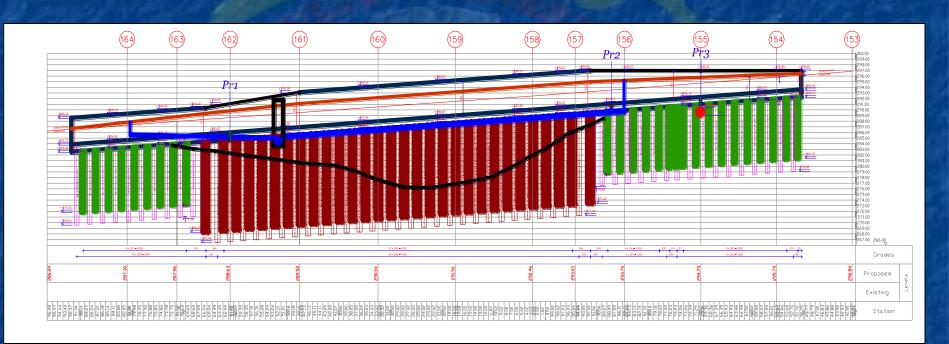
LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI" REHABILITATION SOLUTION



LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI" REHABILITATION SOLUTION



LANDSLIDE "MARKOVIĆI" REHABILITATION SOLUTION



LONGITUDINAL PROFILE

